

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 6

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, MARCH 5th, 1931

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

What \$1.00 Will Buy at LAUT'S

7 Cans Tomatoes \$1.00

3 tins cleaner
1 carton Sun-
light soap
5 cakes toilet
sop
3 pkgs lux

\$1

1 can corn
1 can beans
1 can kroust
1 can pumpkin
1 can sweet
potatoes

\$1

1 can Salmon
1 can Trout
1 can Herring
4 can Sardines
1 can Pilchard

\$1

6 tumblers
6 cups and
saucers

\$1.00

1 pkg. Shredded
Wheat
1 pkg. corn
Flakes

\$1

1 pkg. crackels
1 pkg. krispies
1 pkg. bran
1 pkg. grape
nuts
1 pkg. puffed
Wheat

1 pkg S. O. S.
1 dish mop

\$1

1 pkg steel Wool
1 can wax
1 cedar oil
1 pkg. mendeta

7 White and Gold
Cups and Saucers

\$1

See Our Window Display,
lots more inside.

Directors Elected For School Fair

A meeting of Crossfield and district School Fair Association was held in the office of the Secretary of the Board of Trade on Saturday afternoon last when nine schools in the district were fully represented and the following directors were elected for the ensuing year:

Crossfield, W. K. Gibson
Floral District, Wilson Stafford
Beaverdam, W. C. Brown
Sunshine, J. R. Laut
Meadowside, H. Warner
Inverlea, H. Fenwick
West Hope, E. Simmons
O'Neil, W. Landman
Elba, Miss Seville.

After the above directors were appointed the following committees were formed for the different classes of the prize list:

Live Stock Committee: Geo. Leach, Geo. Murdoch, H. Warner, H. Walsh.

Farm Products: F. Ruddy, W. C. Brown, O. E. Jones, Garnet O'Neil.

Domestic Science: Miss Ruth Stauffer, Miss G. Methelal, Miss M. Murdoch, Miss I. Fraser.

School Work Committee: Miss A. Collicutt, Miss E. Seville, Miss C. Aarsby, Mrs. B. Lilley.

The special prize of a pure bred Hereford calf donated to the School Fair by Mr. Frank Collicutt, came under discussion and it was decided that the Secretary write and find out what was done at other fairs for a competitor to qualify for a prize of this nature, as it is the special wish of donor to have the prize kept amongst the boys and girls of the district.

The secretary was also instructed to get in touch immediately with the following School Districts: Abernethy, Tan-y-Bryn and Banner, who were not represented at the meeting and find out if they are ready to come in on the School Fair.

The chair was taken at the meeting by R. Hay, President and to all appearances the School Fair is off to a good start.

Signs of Spring

We saw some children picking crocuses on the prairie on Monday last, but Tuesday and Wednesday old King Winter let us know he has by no means spent his energies yet. However we notice the go-gers are not afraid of him now as they are to be seen frolicing around again.

M. D. Election Results

In Division No. 6 of the Municipal District of Rosebud, Mr. H. L. Davis was elected over Mr. Buchlen for the ensuing year.

Mr. W. Marles was re-elected last Saturday as member of the Beaverdam Municipal District for the ensuing term. The contest was close as J. R. Giles was only four votes behind.

To Cope With Present Conditions

The Village Council is to be commended on their plans for retrenchment for the year. All the employees of the town were willing to take a reduction as they realize that cutting down expenditures of all kinds is absolutely essential at this time.

It has been pointed out to us that the Village Council has no right to set the price of hauling coal in the village even though they have a by-law or license.

Whether the Village can, or can not, is not the burning question right now. In most towns and villages in Alberta, the price charged for delivering a ton of coal is 50 cents.

Read over Laut's \$1 Specials and then follow the crowds.

Village Council Use Pruning Knife

Doings at the First Meeting of The 1931 Council

Mr. R. Nichol was sworn in as the new member.

J. M. Williams appointed Mayor.

Cemetery By-Law

A cemetery by-law received its first and second reading. This by-law covers everything in connection with the cemetery, including the cost of digging graves, which have been reduced from \$10.00 to \$7.00 for adult graves and from \$7.00 to \$5.00 for children's graves. In case of rock this price can be increased. \$5.00 will be charged for locating and finishing off a grave.

D. K. Fike accepted the position as caretaker of the cemetery and in future will be paid direct by the Council.

The council will supply the caretaker with the necessary tools required for the work and they are to be left at the cemetery.

Councillor Amussen and Nichol were appointed as the cemetery committee.

The by-law dealing with draying was changed and hereafter the price for hauling coal in the village limits will be 50c a ton in place of 75c a ton as previously charged.

Mayor Williams stated that as the Village has not as yet received payment of arrears of taxes from the solicitor of the estate of the late Mr. Whitfield, he thought it was time for action.

It was moved that, the secretary write the tenant of the Chronicle building and instruct him to pay all future rent to the secretary-treasurer of the village as under Section 325 of the Village Act, Carried.

The following reductions were passed by the council.

Reductions Made

Caretaker at cemetery reduced from 50c an hour to 40c.

Street maintaining, man with four horses on grader or maintainer, reduced from \$1.00 an hour to 75c.

The scavenger will do his own collecting from now on or pay some one to do it. The village will save \$24.00 a year by this move.

The secretary-treasurer will receive \$225.00 a year instead of \$300.00.

Councillor Nichol stated that he would like to have a statement of last year's expenditures on streets, sidewalks, parks, etc. at the next meeting. He favored better fire fighting equipment and if certain expenditures could be reduced this money could be spent for this purpose.

The Nuisance

The nuisance grounds came under discussion and the mayor and council will give it the once over and see if anything can be done to at least put a stop to that fragrant smell of the honeysuckle that is so distasteful to the residents of the southern part of the town. You never smelt a smell that smelt like that smell smelt according to Sam Collins who was at the council meeting.

The skating rink also came under fire and the council plans to take steps to have an ample water supply before next fall.

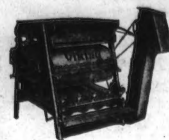
The council concluded that they had done a good day's work and silenced their guns at 11 o'clock.

Drumheller Won Hockey Title

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Cruickshank and that great hockey fan George Tim motored to Drumheller on Friday last to witness the first game of the play-off between Drumheller and High River. Drumheller won by a score of four goals to two. Drumheller won the deciding game on Monday night and will now play Edmonton Superiors winners of the Northern Division.

Viking Fanning Mills

MADE IN 3 SIZES



24 inch \$55.00

32 inch 60.00

40 inch 80.00

The Viking combination mill will separate Wild Oats and Tame Oats from Wheat and Barley, also Wild Oats from Tame Oats to your entire satisfaction.

2 Sets of Rolls with each Mill.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

Welding

We have installed an Acetylene Welder and can do you a good welding job at a very moderate price. You break it--we fix it.

Tire Prices Reduced

Come in and get our prices.

BATTERIES RE-CHARGED.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

FARMERS

Wanted 12 Farms to Rent.

Also if you have farm machinery that you wish to sell list it with me.

Insurance Conveyancing Real Estate

T. TREDAWAY

Telephone 3

Crossfield

HOW ABOUT YOUR

Cream Separator?

You need all the cream these days. Make sure you are getting it with a De Laval Separator. A model to suit every need and every pocket book. Call and see them.

W. K. Gibson

Insurance Farm Equipment Grinding

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

Does Your Car Limp Along?--

Is it a gamble whether it will start in the mornings? Does it sputter and wheeze along when you drive slowly--or miss when you speed it up quickly? Are you holding it down to a slow speed because of the clatter and knocks it makes when you drive fast?

Why not drive your car at its best--the most economical way, too? Keep it in shape--Have a good mechanic check it over and enjoy your driving.

Repairs on All Makes of Cars.

Reasonable Prices

Good Equipment Helps Us To Do Better Work.

Wrecking and Towing Service.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

SUGGESTIONS

Brooder House
Hog House
Milk House
Land Drag
Kitchen Cabinet.

Picket Fence
Self Feeder
Stone Boat
Hotbed
Garage

Cuts of all these can be seen at our yard.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

The New Meat Market QUALITY MEATS

Both Fresh and Cured

P. Royer, Proprietor

Service With a Smile

Crossfield, Alta

The Crossfield Cash Store

GROCERIES DRY GOODS

LADIES, CHILDREN'S and MEN'S WEAR

Economy and Quality Combined

Personal Service

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

Its fine quality has won leadership



Yellow label Salada 60c a lb
Brown label Salada 70c a lb
 'Fresh from the gardens'

Thrift --- Waste

At the present time people in all walks of life, individuals, corporations, governments, are deeply concerned over the prevailing business depression, unemployment, loss of purchasing power, accumulation of debts. Everywhere people are seeking to learn the primary cause with a view to applying a cure; they are anxious not only to overcome existing conditions, but to ascertain the cause with a view to preventing a recurrence of such conditions.

Some talk learnedly of the world's supply and distribution of gold, which is the basic standard of all international business. Others complain of over-production, although the more generally accepted view now is that the world suffers not so much from over-production as from under-consumption. Enormous war debts imposing heavy taxation on all, are held by some to be the underlying cause. Restrictive tariffs, shutting off nations and interfering with the free flow of trade, are blamed by others. Faulty and unduly expensive methods of distribution from primary producer and manufacturer to the ultimate consumer are responsible, so others contend.

But when all these, and a multitude of other things are considered and given their due weight, does the basic cause lie much nearer home for the average individual? Is it not because of a lack of thrift, the indulgence in habits of waste? Many persons find themselves in financial difficulties?

The writer can well imagine the reader saying to himself that the present is not the time to talk about thrift, when people have little or nothing to save and cannot indulge in waste because they have nothing to waste. But, the writer contends, this is, therefore, the most opportune of all times to advocate thrift and condemn waste. It would be a mistake to remain silent until times are booming again, because people then are in no mood to listen. It is when a dollar looms up big, big as ten dollars when the need of good and business brisk, that people are more willing to give heed to the benefits of thrift. When money comes easily, it usually goes just as easily, but when it is hard to get we are the more inclined to hold on to it.

In his autobiography, the late Edward Bok, the famous editor of 'The Ladies Home Journal,' tells how, when he came to America as a lad of six from his native land (the Netherlands), the most wonderful lesson for him was the necessity of thrift. He had already been taught that thrift was one of the fundamentals in a successful life; his family had come from a land noted for its thrift, he says, 'we had been in the United States only a few days before the realization came home strongly to my father and mother that they had brought their children to a land of waste.' Where, says Mr. Bok, the Dutchman saved, the American wasted. There was waste, and the most prodigal waste, on every hand. It was, he says, an easy calculation that what was thrown away in a week's time from Brooklyn homes would feed the poor of the Netherlands.

Continuing, Mr. Bok says: 'At school, I quickly learned that to "save money" was to be "stingy," as a young man, I soon found that the American disliked the word "economy," and on every hand as plenty grew spending grew. There was literally nothing in American life to teach me thrift or economy; everything to teach me to spend and to waste. I saw men who had earned good salaries in their prime, reach the years of incapacity as dependents. I saw families on every hand either living quite up to their means or beyond them; rarely with them. The waste was a man, the more he or his wife spent. I saw fathers and mothers and their children dressed beyond their incomes. The proportion of families who ran into debt was far greater than those who saved. When a panic came, the families "pulled in," when the panic was over, they "let out." But the end of one year found them precisely where they were at the close of the previous year, unless they were deeper in debt.'

Is it not true—we ask the question advisedly—that many of us are in financial difficulty today because, instead of exercising thrift when times were good, and putting aside a little against the day when times might not be good, we spent to the limit of our earnings, possibly beyond, in the belief that times would always be good, and now we are in trouble with no reserve to fall back upon? Is it not true that we were wasteful, perhaps not in big things, but in numerous little ways, carelessly expending a dollar here and a dollar there which, if saved, would be a veritable godsend now? In these days of world depression, France has been quoted over and over again as the nation least affected and with less unemployment than any other great nation. Why? Because the French people are notoriously frugal; they save their pennies; they waste little.

But we in this world with far greater natural wealth and wider opportunity, are wasteful, extravagant, spendthrift. And the result, when depression comes and with no reserves, we suffer. Is not, perhaps, the real, the underlying cause of much of our present difficulty to be found in this unfortunate trait in our people? Think it over, each for himself or herself. And when better times come again, as come they will, and work is again plentiful and earnings again rise, do you not feel that you are not wasting much now, because you have not got it to waste; continue the habit when you again have something. You are practicing thrift now because you must; continue even when it is not a life and death necessity. You will then be ready for the next depression; better still, you will ward off such depression.

Waiter (seeing dissatisfaction on guest's face): "Wasn't the dinner cooked to suit you, sir?"
 Guest: "Yes, all but the bill. Just take that back and tell them to boil it down a little."



Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. The best way, the quick, harmless and efficient way, is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in stomach acids, and at once. The symptoms, such as headache, gas, heartburn, etc., will disappear in five minutes.

You will never use crude methods when you know the better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid when you prove out the easy relief. Please do that—for your own sake—now.
 Be sure to get the genuine, prescribed by doctors for conditions due to excess acid. It is always a liquid; it cannot be made in tablet form. Look for the name Phillips' and the word genuine in red.

Speaks On Arctic Trip

Sir Hubert Wilkins Tells Australia Of Coming Submarine Adventure
 Sir Hubert Wilkins, explorer, told the home folks in Australia by radio how he planned to sneak up on the North Pole from beneath the sea by submarine.

The proposed submarine trip to the Arctic, the veteran of treks and airplane flights at both ends of the earth said, would "probably be the most adventurous I have undertaken."

With a converted navy submarine, Sir Hubert plans to leave this country about May 1, go to England, thence to Norway and so begin his cruise into the ice fields of the Arctic Ocean.

The submarine is christened the "Nautling," after Jules Verne's submersible.

The submarine has been equipped with ice drills, capable of boring up through more than thirty feet of ice to reach the air. The tip of the large drill contains a hatch through which the crew can reach the ice and by which air can be brought into the boat when charging batteries.

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen, that she would accompany Sir Hubert on his submarine voyage under arctic ice this summer. The object of his expedition to the North Pole is to establish a ring of meteorological buoys to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the south. He eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Acids In Stomach Cause Indigestion

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to the presence of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, digestion is delayed, food sours, causing the disagreeable grumblings which every stomach sufferer knows so well.
 Medical digestants are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Try Fletcher's Castoria, a safe and reliable remedy. It is a gentle laxative and it cleanses the stomach, prevents the formation of excess acid and there is no sourness, gas or irritation. It is a pleasant-tasting tablet form—never liquid or milk—is harmless to the stomach, promotes regularity and is the most efficient form of purgative for the home. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more indigestion.

Aviation In Alberta

Alberta Flyers Have An Envious Record Of Performance

Alberta fliers, fewer in number than those of the majority of the provinces in Canada, are among the most active, to judge from the latest figures from the Department of Civil Aviation, which show that during the year 14,950 flights, during which about 500,000 miles were covered, were undertaken. Alberta fliers during the year spent 6,415 hours in the air, the average flight lasting for 25 minutes. The planes carried 12,169 passengers.

Persian Balm promotes cleanliness, charm and beauty. It is unrivalled in its magical effect on the skin. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues, it leaves the skin soft and supple. It is a fully cool to the skin. Stimulating and invigorating. Softens and makes the hair grow luxuriantly. Subtly fragrant. Imparts youth and loveliness to the complexion. Persian Balm is the inevitable choice of the woman who cares.

British Air Ministry Has Difficult Task

Every Day Amount Of Sunlight Penetrating City Is Measured
 One of the most difficult tasks in London is carried out daily at the Air Ministry offices, where the amount of sunshine penetrating the city is measured. The measuring apparatus consists of a small glass ball through which the heat of the sun passes to burn a special paper placed beneath it, the mark on the paper being used to compute the amount of sunlight passing through.

A Worth While Achievement
 American tourists returning from Europe report that beads are coming back into style. It is doubtful if they will ever again attain great popularity in America. But if some superstitious would advise a way to transmute the ever abundant facial hairs of the male to the uppermost portion of his cranium—ah, there would be an achievement.

Discover New Land
 New land has been discovered in the Antarctic by the Norwegian whaler, Torlyn, the whaler reported in a wireless message. The new land, the message said, is a continuation of Mt. Robertson Land, which Sir Douglas Mawson discovered last year.

Government and private steel works in Japan may be merged.



When BABIES are Upset

BABY ILLS and ailments seem twice as serious at night. A sudden cry may mean colic. Or a sudden attack of diarrhea. How would you meet this emergency—tonight? Have you a bottle of Castoria ready?

For the protection of your very one—for your own peace of mind—keep this old, reliable preparation always on hand. But don't keep it just for emergencies; let it be an everyday aid. Its gentle influence will ease and soothe the infant who cannot sleep. Its mild regulation will help an older child whose tongue is coated because of sluggish bowels. All druggists have Castoria.



MacMillan's Equipment Will Include 'Planes

Arctic Explorer Outlines Plans For Trip Into Basin Land

Donald B. MacMillan, Arctic explorer outlined plans for an expedition into Basin Land and the North Polar region next summer. The expedition, he said, would be in three sections—the first sailing from Wiscasset, Maine, June 20, to be followed by Dr. Alexander Forbes, of Boston, and Sir Wilfred Grenfell, of London. Three aeroplanes will be included in the equipment.

One of the principal objectives, he said, would be the study of glaciers to determine the possibility of the formation of another "glacier age."

When a mother detects from the writhings and fretting of a child that worms are troubling it, she can procure a reliable remedy in Milburn's Worm Powders which will expel all worms from the system. They may cause vomiting, but this is a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these powders are used.

Work For Russian Women

Soviet Government May Employ Women To Overcome Labor Shortage

Employment of hundreds of thousands of women in industries to overcome the present serious shortage of labor, is being considered by the government of the Soviet Union.

With thousands of jobs for which there are no takers, the country today has the greatest shortage of labor in its history. With millions of women inactive it is believed the problem could be solved by pressing them into service. The children would be cared for by the state while their mothers are working.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

Canadian Coal
 Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia and the Yukon produce only bituminous coal; the Saskatchewan mines yield lignite only; Alberta produces bituminous, sub-bituminous, and lignite, and formerly also mined some anthracite.

The chief objection to the school of experience is that it thinks up a new course every time you are ready to be graduated.

London now has 30,000 men on its police force.

for COLDS
 Head Colds, Heat Miser's, and other ailments, use Cold's Remedy. Real relief... quickly!



W. N. U. 2879

Test Was Convincing

New Foot-Prop 'Planes Will Land Themselves Safely

A foot-prop airplane which its inventor claims will neither stall, spin or dive and will land itself, is the latest contribution to safety in the air.

While more than an hundred aeronautical experts and financiers watched the plane was successfully tested at Glenn H. Curtiss airport, New York. Piloted by Henry White, it made a half dozen short flights, and came to a near-perfect landing each time, with the pilot's hands high above his head.

The designer is A. A. Merrill, of White Plains, N.Y., formerly in charge of aeronautical research at the California Institute of Technology, and a contemporary of the Wright Brothers, Octave Chanute and Langley. He has been working on the plane since 1913, and at one time was forced to mortgage his life insurance to continue.

Movable wings which can be adjusted over an arc of 14 degrees are the secret of the plane's stability. In flight these restricted flying surfaces prevent a pilot from unwittingly going into a stall or a dive. In landing, they mechanically level off at the proper distance from the ground and assume the proper gliding angle.

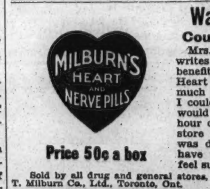
Will Go On Polar Trip

Lady Wilkins To Accompany Her Husband On Submarine Voyage

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen at Montreal that she would accompany Sir Hubert Wilkins, veteran explorer, on his submarine voyage under Arctic ice this summer. Sir Hubert said the object of his expedition to the north pole would be to establish a ring of meteorological buoys to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the south. He said he eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Time Has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence is carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Alberta-B.C. Boundary
 Legislation has been brought down in the British Columbia legislature by Hon. N. S. Loughheed, Minister of Lands, approving the Alberta-British Columbia boundary as surveyed by a joint commission between 1913 and 1924.



Price 50c a box

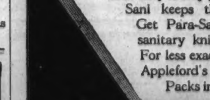
Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious Para-Sani keeps them from staling.

Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.



Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, ONT.

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

DIZZINESS

Caused by Blood pressure

Doctor ordered Kruschen

"Five years ago this month I had a serious attack of blood pressure, and my medical man ordered me to take potassium salts daily. Evidently I am a stubborn subject, because I use every morning a small teaspoonful and I feel cold, stupid, drowsy, liable to fall from dizziness. Therefore I can't do without my Kruschen on any account. Some time ago I tried some other salts which were cheaper, but they pained me so much that I had to stop them. There is no pain with Kruschen. I have told hundreds of my little wonder-working bottle." (R. C. Ferguson.)

Dizziness is a symptom of a deeper-seated disease. It is one of Nature's danger signals—her urgent warning of an impure blood-stream which, if not attended to in time, may wreck the entire health with some dangerous, indeed life-long, disease. The six salts in Kruschen keep the blood-stream pure and vigorous by ensuring the complete elimination of poisonous waste matter from the system every day.

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at our expense. We have thousands of great many special "GIANT" packages which make Kruschen cost you nothing. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c. This consists of our regular 75c. bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about one week. Open the trial bottle first, put it to the test, and then, if not entirely convinced that Kruschen does everything we claim it to do, the regular bottle is still as good without cost to you. If you are satisfied, return the trial bottle to us. Your druggist is authorized to return the trial bottle to us. You have tried Kruschen first, at our expense. We will send you the regular bottle free. Write to: Kruschen, Ltd., 100, Queen's Road, London, W. 1, England.

Some Valuable Information

Well-Dressed Man Must Invest \$5,000 Yearly In Clothes

The well-dressed man of 1931 should have a wardrobe worth \$5,000. Style creators at Rochester, N.Y., for the first annual convention of the International Merchant-Tailors' Designers Association say garments in such a wardrobe would range in price from \$150 to \$250 each, and would include:

Two tuxedo suits, one full dress suit, one opera cape, one frock coat for afternoon wear, one Chesterfield overcoat, a fitted and loose topcoat, a great coat for motoring, an ulster for bad weather, two knicker suits for golf, two jackets and flannel-trouser ensembles, a riding habit, two lounge suits, and nine business suits. None of the latter should be worn more than four times in the same month.

Tee coats often attain a speed of 120 miles an hour.

Was Weak and Run Down

Could Scarcely Do Housework

Mrs. Edward A. Allen, Beazon, Alta., writes:—"I would like to tell you of the great benefit I have received from your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was feeling very much run down in health, and was weak I could scarcely do my housework. In fact, I would have to lie down in the afternoon for an hour or so. I saw your Pills in the drug store and took a box home with me, and I was delighted with my renewed strength. I have recommended them to a neighbor and feel sure they will help her too."

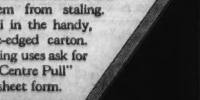
Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious Para-Sani keeps them from staling.

Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.



Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, ONT.

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

FARM PARTY IS ASSURED FOR SASKATCHEWAN

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatchewan is assured of a new Farm Party. By a virtually unanimous decision, United Farmers of Canada (Saskatchewan Section), decided to enter politics. They will seek backing of all citizens in electing candidates on a policy aimed at ultimate social ownership and non-profit production.

Local autonomy was agreed on as a basis of the political move. Constituency conventions will be called upon requested by 15 per cent of U.F.C. local lodges in the constituency to be represented by two constituency-committee members, and the elected member or the candidate and the U.F.C. executive to attend.

Efforts of the new party, whose date of inauguration by convention is at least two months distant, will be directed into provincial and Dominion fields. The step places Saskatchewan, largest wheat province in the Dominion, alongside Alberta in politico-agrarian organization. Saskatchewan body claims 26,800 members as compared to 18,105 for United Farmers of Alberta. Manitoba's farm-unit is a non-partisan body.

It is necessary, before official inauguration of the movement, to receive ratification from local lodges for a constitutional change removing the U.F.C.'s ban on political alliances. This would take some 60 days.

Platform of the new party will be based on the U.F.C. economic policy approved at the four-day annual convention's second session recently. It includes demands for 100-per-cent grain pooling; "pegged" grain prices; government price-fixing board; nationalization of currency, credit and natural resources; and province-wide crop insurance.

In addition, the policy program included demands for Dominion and provincial debt adjustment moves. It asked completion and operation of port and elevator facilities at Churchill by next September 1, legislation to make Churchill a free port of entry for all goods, and freight and express rate cuts.

Delegates in favor of political action, wiped out the opposition of the U.F.C. board all stipulation that formation of the new party occur at the refusal of Dominion or provincial administration to put the new-formed economic policy into effect.

The convention's stand is a reversal of the decision at the 1930 meet, when political action was turned down by eight votes and formation of a political body outside the U.F.C. was favored. The claim that that of three candidates in the last Dominion election pledged to back U.F.C. demands, two were elected—Milton Campbell (MacKenzie), and A. M. Carmichael (Kindersley), both Progressives.

It is considered unlikely that George H. Williams, immediate past president of the U.F.C., will seek the leadership of the farm party if it is formed before spring. He is understood to believe that A. J. MacAulay, elected president of the U.F.C. today, should rather be a candidate for the position.

Backed by Williams, MacAulay was named leader on constitutional grounds, though almost all delegates favored Williams remaining in office beyond his expired two-year term, limit under the constitution. MacAulay, formerly vice-president, maintains a large grain and stock farm at Waseca, Sask. Williams is expected to be a candidate for the presidency at the next convention.

J. F. Herman, Rockville, was elected vice-president.

Increase in Autos

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had a motor vehicle for every eight persons in 1936, as compared with one motor vehicle for every 11 people in 1929, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics recently. The number of motor cars registered in 1936 was 1,239,889, an increase of 44,296 over the previous year.

Clothing For Needy Families

Ottawa, Ont.—Twenty-one families in the Adanac, Sask. district have been provided with warm clothing through the efforts of the employees of the department of labor here. The bale, which contained 365 articles of clothing, was sent west a few days ago and word has been received here of its distribution among needy persons of the district.

W. N. U. 1879

Northern Trade Route

Insurance Rates To Be Lower Than Expected Out Of Hudson Bay

Ottawa, Ont.—Within the past three weeks there has been a sudden and in many ways completely unexpected interest on the part of Canadian, British and foreign shipping companies in the Hudson Bay route.

Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, declined to discuss these recent developments. He will make a detail statement in parliament, by which time it seems certain that definite plans and commitments will have been reached which will assure Fort Churchill a striking opening, and ensure the future success of the new trade route.

It is learned authoritatively that several large steamship companies have come forward and declared their intention of placing ships on the new route. This applies to British and foreign shipping. There has been a most remarkable reaction among Canadian ship operators, who see tremendous possibilities in the development of inter-provincial trade. Maritime provinces companies are going to try to develop trade direct with the prairie provinces. British Columbia companies already have completed plans for a trade in lumber, with cargoes of wheat outgoing from Churchill to foreign ports, and a return cargo from foreign ports to Vancouver.

These shipping interests have taken a firm hand in matters of insurance and cargo rates. Lloyd's of London, England, have been stirred up and it may be announced definitely that the insurance rates out of Churchill will be much lower than hitherto has been expected.

Important Ruling By Alberta Supreme Court

Collection Of Fees Under Dominion Charter Is Illegal

Calgary, Alberta.—Fees assessed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council on companies with a Dominion charter cannot be collected, according to judgment of the appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

The question arose in an action taken by the attorney-general of Alberta against the Royal Oil Company for collection of a fee imposed by the appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

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RUSSIA WOULD TRADE COAL FOR FARM MACHINERY

Montreal.—If Canada will accept \$2,350,000 worth of Russian coal in part payment, Russia is willing to purchase her agricultural machinery, the total value of which will amount to \$10,000,000, according to a plan which Lieut.-Colonel Herbert J. Mackie, former Conservative member of parliament, stated he had laid before the government at Ottawa, on behalf of the Soviet Government. The balance of the debt would be settled in gold, and the Soviet Government is understood to have expressed its willingness to hold a conference with Canada at which a plan would be formulated for marketing of wheat without dumping.

In the opinion of Col. Mackie some understanding with Russia about the marketing of wheat is expedient. Anticipating the success of the five-year plan and casting an eye on Russia's success in wheat growing up to this time, he seemed impressed with the strength of her position. He feared that unless some agreement were reached with Russia she would undersell Canadians in every market of the world.

As for the opposition against importing Russian coal, Col. Mackie believed that the strongest propaganda had been emanating from American competitors of the Soviet. Russia's purpose is to export anthracite in domestic sizes, a product which could not possibly compete with coal from Nova Scotia. The Russian coal would be in direct competition with the imported American product, Col. Mackie said.

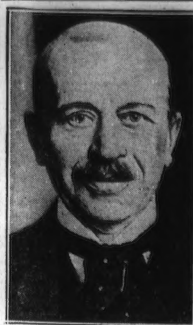
"Canada and Russia must get together on wheat—we must have a conference," said Lt.-Col. Mackie.

"As things are, we bid fair to provoke Russia. At a conference in London, England, with a Canadian trade representative, Saul Bron, the chief Soviet trade delegate to the British Empire, reiterated this plea, and this warning: 'Do not put Russia on the defensive.' He said it again and again, earnestly, pleadingly."

"I know the seriousness of Bron's statement, possibly better than any other Canadian, for I have made 17 visits to Russia since the revolution, and I know Russia's power to help or hurt my country," to wage economic war or peace.

"High Russian officials have approached Canada through me, asking for a conference. The idea receives the support of the Argentine and Australian government representatives in London, England. Only a few days ago Chairman League of the U.S. Farm Board, said that he could see value, with nothing to lose, in such a conference with Russia."

NOTABLE STATESMAN



Sir Laming Worthington Evans, 62, secretary of war in the last Conservative government of Great Britain, who died February 15, had a distinguished political career and was one of the mainstays in the high councils of the Conservative party. As a great lawyer he will be remembered by Canadians principally as the London solicitor appointed by the English courts to realize assets of the British American Company, the London Globe, and other Whitaker Wright concerns after the great financial smash in 1901.

Sign Wheat Agreement

Sixteen European Nations Sign On Disposal Of Wheat Stocks

Paris, France.—At the French foreign office, 16 European nations signed the final act for the disposal of the wheat stocks of the central and European states. Russia was not invited to the conference. Russian wheat, therefore, was not included.

The signatory states are Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Poland, Lithuania, Rumania, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia. Seven persons did not sign. They are Britain, the Irish Free State, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, the Netherlands, and Sweden.

Well Supplies Boiling Water

Vinny, Alberta.—Leo Chaput, farmer of this district, is taking things easy these days. Not for him is the worry of boiling water with which to brew his favorite cup of tea, for shaving water or the long-deferred abolition. He recently tapped a well that supplies him with ready boiled water all the time. Mr. Chaput has sent two bottles of the water to the University of Alberta for analysis.

Report Is Denied

Ottawa, Ont.—No fixed discount from list prices has so far been placed for duty purposes on books imported into Canada from the United States for sale. This was the statement made at the Department of National Revenue in referring to a report that a fixed discount of 49 per cent. was to be applied generally on books imported from the United States, effective April 1.

ROYAL BROTHERS AT GOLF



The Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince George, are here seen on the golf links at Panama, C.Z., during round with the Argentine expedition. Note the Prince of Wales' double-decker hat which he uses as guard against the sun.

Women Mubshers Staging Race For Championship

One Of Feature Attractions At The Pas Dog Derby

Winnipeg, Man.—A duel over the snow-swept trails of Northern Manitoba to settle the title of woman dog mushing champion of the world, with a side bet of \$1,000, promises to be one of the feature attractions of dog derby week at The Pas as a result of developments, announced by A. E. Warren, vice-president Canadian National Railways, patron of the northern classic. Early this winter Miss Thida Geelan, girl musher from McCall, Idaho, recognized as the leading musher in the western states, challenged Mrs. E. P. Ricker, of Poland Springs, Maine, to a 25-mile dog race for the mushing championship of the fair sex. She asked for a side bet of \$1,000 to be posted before the race. The contest would take place over a course here selected by the dog derby committee.

The dog derby committee of The Pas has received wire from Mrs. Ricker accepting the challenge. Both women are expected to take part in the 200-mile dog race from The Pas to Flin Flon and return starting March 20. Miss Ida Carriere, another woman entry, is also training over northern trails for the long race.

Three of the northland's most fearless mushers, St. Godard, Earl Brydges and "Shorty" Russick, left Winnipeg via Canadian National railways for The Pas, Man., where they will whip their dogs into shape for the gruelling 200-mile race.

SEA HARBOR FOR PRAIRIES TO OPEN SOON

Winnipeg, Man.—In a few weeks workmen will toil again at Churchill. They will mark the six-month input on a job that is to give the northern harbor a 2,500,000-bushel grain elevator with the second largest warehouse in the world.

Storage will mean but little to the sprawling bins ranged along the south shore of this rock-girt harbor at the end of the Hudson Bay Railway. But ability to handle grain—to dump cars, to clean, weigh and separate the grain, to run it out to waiting ships—will be a paramount necessity for the elevator at the port with a winter-shortened season.

More than 500,000 bushels daily may pour through the varied processes of the Churchill elevator's warehouse when work is completed in the middle of next September. Only the great Pool Elevator Number Seven, at Port Arthur, will be able to handle grain more rapidly than the terminal "north of 58." If the Churchill plant is ever pressed to capacity the route will be a success.

About 750,000 bushels of wheat will be rushed overseas this fall between the time the elevator is ready September 15 and the close of navigation on the Bay, according to the promise of Dominion authorities. Some organizations in the west are pressing for a shipment of as much as 5,000,000 bushels this fall, but it is understood from reliable sources that such a flow of grain in the brief available time would tie up dock work in progress and threaten the efficiency of elevator and dock facilities.

At the present moment, ground-work on the elevator is completed to the first floor. In late March it is expected construction of the power house will commence along side the elevator. In May, concrete pouring begins on the elevator and the warehouse, from the ground floor upward. Work on shipping galleries, too, must be hurried in order to have them ready for the restricted shipping of this fall.

Across the harbor from the historic Fort Prince of Wales, the new elevator will reach out 500 feet along the shore line and tower 200 feet against the north's grey sky. Close by are the terminal yards of the Hudson Bay road, which rolls northward over 500 miles of muskeg country from The Pas, itself on Manitoba's frontier.

All Canada will be watching when the mechanism of Churchill's port moves into real action this fall—more than 300 years after the Dane, Knut, first sailed his boat up the mouth of the Churchill River to spend the tragic winter that cost the lives of all but three of his 64-man expedition. This fall comes the test of Canada's greatest engineering feat for many a year—the building of a sea harbor for the prairies.

RECOVERY NOW INDICATED IN EMPLOYMENT

Ottawa, Ont.—Although the number of persons employed by Canadian firms reporting to the government at the beginning of February was less than at the same date in the preceding three years, it was greater than in any earlier year since 1921. Returns have been received by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 7,431 firms. These show pay rolls aggregating 904,315 persons on February 1, as compared with 913,080 on the first of January, just one month previous.

The bureau reports that important recovery was shown in the employment returns received from manufacturing firms, especially those engaged in the textile and the iron and steel industries. Improvement was also shown in railway construction and in shipping and stevedoring. On the other hand appreciable declines were noted in highway and building construction, in trade, mining and logging. These contractions, it is stated, were, in many cases, a seasonal character.

The trend of employment, it is reported, was upward in Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Windsor, and the adjacent border cities, and Vancouver. Quebec City, Toronto and Winnipeg reported reductions. The bureau makes the following report on employment by economic areas:

Prairie provinces: Employment in the prairie provinces has shown a contraction at the beginning of February in most years of the record, but the falling-off reported by the firms making returns on February 1, 1931, involved a larger proportion of the aggregate payroll than has been the case in the last few years. Statements were tabulated from 1,102 employers, whose staffs declined by 6,666 persons to 121,873 on February 1. Logging was more active, and railway construction also showed improvement but manufacturing, mining and communications and transportation reported considerable curtailment.

British Columbia: There was a moderate contraction in employment at the beginning of February; this took place mainly in the highway construction and service groups, while manufacturing, and building, and railway construction were rather busier. The working forces of the 744 reporting firms aggregated 79,383, a decrease of 459 persons as compared with their January 1 staffs. A slight improvement had been indicated on February 1, 1930, and the index was then a few points higher.

May Amend Mining Act

Ontario Introductory Bill To Bar Speculators In Townships

Toronto, Ont.—Speculators who rush into mining areas and avail themselves of the privilege of filing on claims which they hope to develop into townships, hot-dog stands, or carter shops will be frustrated in the future under the provisions of the bill to amend the Mining Act, introduced into the Ontario legislature by Hon. Charles McCrae. All claims must be developed as mines and not as real estate speculations under the amendments planned.

Win Cavalry Cup

Manitoba Mounted Rifles, Portage la Prairie, won the Canadian Cavalry Association's signal-challenge cup with a score of 5,538 points out of a possible 5,743. It was announced here recently.

Eighth Princess Louise Hussars, New Brunswick, came second with 4,246 points. Oxford Rifles, Woodstock, Ontario, won the Infantry Signallers' competition with 5,656 points.

Seeking Pensions For Blind

Manitoba Asking Federal Government To Finance Scheme

Winnipeg, Man.—Dominion parliament is called upon to implement a pension scheme for blind persons in a resolution adopted in the Manitoba Legislature. The resolution was sponsored by William Ivens, Labor member for Winnipeg. The pension for the blind would be financed in whole or in part by the federal government.

Sunlight

Days Of the Sun's Light Aer Essential For Our Health
(By John Burke Ingram)

In this week's health article I have an amusing fact to tell you. Most of us have come to know that sunlight is good for the health. Possibly few of us know, however, that rays of the sun's light which we need for our health are dark rays. When I say that, I mean that when they reach our eyes they do not produce a sensation of light.

This is so, because just as the ear can respond only to certain sounds (everyone who has gone to high school knows that there are sounds too high and sounds too low for the ear to hear), so some vibrations of light have some too great, and others too small a frequency to be detected by the eye.

These invisible light vibrations are known as ultra-violet rays, and it is these rays which we need for our health sake.

Here is what happens when they fall upon our skin. In the first place we tan. That happens because certain chemical reactions are caused by this particular part of sunlight in the tissues of the body. This reaction produces what is known as "Vitamin D." You have all heard of "Vitamin D." It is the thing which our bodies must have if we are to have strong properly made bones. Especially interesting and important in this connection and most particularly to people who do not live in the tropics, where the sun's rays blaze down so fiercely, is the fact that the disease known as rickets is caused by a deficiency of sunlight. In a pamphlet issued by the Department of Health, of Canada, it is stated that the Canadian baby often suffers from this disease. It begins soon after birth and may not be noticed in infancy or childhood, and yet may do harm all through life. Perhaps you will never know that the baby has rickets until he starts to walk. You think that his legs will be straight and strong like yours and now you see that they are crooked. Doctors have found out that most babies living in cold or temperate climates have rickets. Some have it slightly and some have it severely. This disease generally means late teething, late standing, late walking, weak bones, bow-legs, perhaps a crooked spine or deformed bones. The child may begin to walk and then fall, or he may be unable to walk at all. You think that his legs will be straight and strong like yours and now you see that they are crooked. Doctors have found out that most babies living in cold or temperate climates have rickets. Some have it slightly and some have it severely. This disease generally means late teething, late standing, late walking, weak bones, bow-legs, perhaps a crooked spine or deformed bones. The child may begin to walk and then fall, or he may be unable to walk at all.

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always shelter him from the wind. Keep the baby out of doors a good deal even in the winter time as long as he is warm and sheltered. Sunlight should be permitted to fall upon his face. Do not, however, subject a child to too much sunlight at once. Start with ten minute exposures and increase these by five minutes a day until the youngster gets a sun bath of an hour or more at a time between eleven o'clock in the morning and one o'clock in the afternoon. In warm weather the surfaces area of the skin exposed to the sun may be gradually increased. Tanning is a good sign, but painful sunburn should be avoided.

We have some substitutes for sunlight. That is to say some things which produce "Vitamin D." The first and most important of these is Cod Liver Oil, and physicians agree that children in northern climates should be given cod liver oil regularly in the winter time. Another is the Violet Ray lamp. Some of these are not sponsored by reliable companies are quite valuable. In purchasing one the advice of your physician should be secured as to its merits, and the advice of your physician should also be followed regarding the length of time of exposure to its rays.

Canada Has Finest Fish

Most Valuable and Most Diversified Fisheries Of The World

"Canada has the most valuable and most diversified fisheries in the world, properly conserved the future of the fishing industry is assured," Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Dominion Minister of Fisheries, former premier of Nova Scotia, stated recently.

"I think we have the finest oysters in the world too—finer than the American oyster," said the minister. "With most commodities today, the problem is marketing. This is more true of the fishing industry than any other industry I know. We are dealing with a delicate food, a product that must reach the market in a first class condition."

"If we can increase the Canadian market alone by ten pounds of fish per head per year, it will spell the difference between mere existence and prosperity for the fish industry. Immediate object we have in mind is interesting the Canadian public in greater fish consumption."

Mr. Rhodes stated that a fish survey of Canada, and the world was being conducted, and that the report would be ready next August.

Taking No Chances

Noted Blacksmith Keeps Anvil-Altar Always With Him

Richard Remison, the marriage-making blacksmith of Gretna Green, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, made his first visit to London a few weeks ago and was so afraid that someone would steal his anvil-altar that he took it along with him.

On his first sightseeing trip he left the anvil at his hotel, but he was so nervous for its safety that thereafter he took it with him wherever he went. The London Mirror said that although the anvil weighed 240 pounds he was able to carry it to and from his taxi, and up and down subway escalators without distress.

He was greatly impressed with London. "But Gretna Green is best," he said, "there is more romance there than in all London." He has married more than 90 couples.

Making Life Interesting

Average Person Gets Thrill Out Of Doing Worth-While Things

Young people like to be doing things. A keen student of youth has said that the average young person gets a far greater thrill out of heaving his own pathway through the world than in rolling along in a luxurious car over a roadway that other hands have prepared. But, after all, no one can wholly remove from us all responsibility or fight all our battles for us. Nobody has a right to lead life uninteresting or unrewarding who sees within the sphere of his own activity a wrong he can help to remedy, or within himself an evil he can hope to overcome.

The apartment house idea has been successfully applied to chicken housing problems by an ingenious poultry farmer who had only a backyard in which to raise 3,000 chickens.

Panels of glass brick are used in the tower of a New York City apartment building.

Sir Isaac Newton named the colors of the spectrum about sixty years ago.

Tug-of-war is now one of the most popular sports in Italy.

UNIQUE AND COLORFUL



A unique and colorful costume for the young miss. It is of black, white and pink gingham with a white plique. The coat has hand-embroidered scallop edges, and the hat, of plique, is treated in the same manner—exclusive. Associated Press Photo.

Earthquake Waves

Waves Shown To Be Of Two Distinct Varieties

Earthquake vibrations, or waves, as recorded at the Dominion Observatory, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, are of four kinds. Waves of two distinct varieties travel along the surface of the earth, penetrating to a depth of only a few miles, and carry with them information about the surface layer through which they have passed. Of even greater interest, however, are the waves which pass through the interior of the earth. They are also of two kinds, known as longitudinal and transverse. The longitudinal waves can pass through gases, liquids or solids, but the transverse vibrations can be propagated through a solid medium only.

Diary Of A College Graduate

June 23, 1930—Graduated today.
June 28, 1930—Looked for a \$100-a-week job.
July 20, 1930—Looked for a job at \$100 a week.
August 9, 1930—Looked for any kind of job.
September 2, 1930—Still looking.
September 23, 1930—Went to work for my uncle for \$75 a month.

When aluminum was still regarded as a rare and expensive metal it was called "silver of clay."

People are like money—keep them busy or they'll lose interest.

VISITS HOOVER AT WHITE HOUSE



Hon. Hugh Guthrie (left), Minister of Justice of Canada, with Hume Wrong, Charge d'Affaires at the Canadian legation at Washington, D.C., upon the former's visit recently to White House to pay his respects to President Hoover and his attendance at the eleventh annual banquet of the Federal Bar Association.

Health Insurance Plan

British Columbia May Decide To Inexpensive System

State health insurance, with the cost of medical services for the people of British Columbia figured out at about \$1.50 per family, will be a recommendation of the Royal Commission on state health insurance.

The information came out in the meeting of the committee on agriculture when Dr. J. J. Gillis, Liberal, of Yale, and a member of the Royal Commission, made reference to the findings of the body, which one of the resolutions of the farmers' institute was being taken up. It concerned travelling clinics and more community nurses for rural districts, to prevent loss of life or permanent injury, which frequently results from lack of skilled aid in many communities of central British Columbia and elsewhere.

The establishment of travelling clinics was another recommendation of the Royal Commission, Dr. Gillis said, and the cost of families over the province, according to their report, was fixed at from \$1.50 to \$1.50. The report of the commission is expected to be brought before the legislature during the next session.

Hatchery Approval Grows

Number Of Commercial Hatcheries Have Entered Under Scheme

Having its third year in operation the Hatchery Approval Policy of the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows a record expansion in the number of commercial hatcheries entered under the scheme. In 1929 there were 18 hatcheries entered in approval and in 1930 the number was 48. The total this year stands at 109, an increase of 61 for the hatching season of 1931. It is from these hatcheries alone that approved flocks are supplied. Their product is known and sold as "Approved" because of strict government supervision from the flock producing the eggs which supply the hatcheries to the baby chicks delivered to the farmer.

Grief Kills Ancient Servitor

Could Not Survive Sale Of Master's Family Treasures

Grief over sale of the family effects of Glenke Castle, at Potsdam, Germany, was believed to have killed Conrad Meidel, 84, Prince Friedrich Leopold's Hohenzollern's faithful major-domo for 36 years. The ancient servitor was heard recently to say he could not survive the "plebeian treatment" of the princely furnishings, to each piece of which he was deeply attached. Heart-broken at the sale, he took to his bed and died.

British Columbia Apples

Committee of direction figures on apple shipments from the Okanagan from the 1930 crop, up to January 31st, show 2,174,456 boxes having been shipped to the Canadian markets, compared with 2,013,003 boxes for the similar period of the previous year.

A Creature Of Habit

Horses Adapt Themselves Slowly To New Conditions and Change Of Feed

The horse has been described by a prominent authority as a creature of habit and there is probably no point which should be kept more carefully in mind in connection with this statement than the fact that he adapts himself slowly to a change, whether it be his living or working conditions or more particularly a change in the accustomed routine of his feed.

Few of us expect to take a team out in the spring and subject them to a full day's work such as might have been expected of them at the close of the fall plowing season. There are two reasons for this, the first one being that the muscles require hardening up, and the second one, though not so generally recognized, is that it takes the horse some few days to adapt himself generally to the new conditions following a winter in the stable.

But much as we recognize the fact that it takes a horse some little time to make adaptations to changes of a physical nature we are often inclined to forget that it is even more important to make gradual changes in the feed rations of the horse because of this peculiar objection to change of any sudden nature. The hay runs low in another month or so and without warning we increase the grain and shift to straw the season for spring work approaches and another change is made back to hay. Few of us realize that the peculiar nature of the horse makes such changes quite as detrimental, as a full day of plowing on the first spring day of the stable.

We would not be farmers if we did not have to change feed allowances from time to time and there are a wide variety of farm feeds which the horse can use to advantage, but the changes should be made gradually. More than one feed has been condemned by a farmer as a feed for horses simply because he thought Dobbin should become accustomed to it on the first day.

Tree Has Many Uses

Paw-Paw Trees Furnish Food, Medicine, and Soap

Pawpaw, or paw-paw trees, which grow in the tropical jungles of South America, are put to various uses. They are versatile in that they furnish food, medicine and soap. The Field Museum of Natural History, in Chicago, which has one of these trees in its botany exhibit, states emphatically that the tree is not to be regarded as a link between the animal and vegetable worlds. The tropical paw-paw tree is described as an odd-looking affair, tapering from the base of the stem to a height of about twenty feet. It extends a peculiar juice which, rubbed on meat will make the toughest beefsteak as tender as venison. The natives living in the districts where paw-paw trees abound use the juice for this purpose. The juice is an acid, milky substance and has medicinal value. The seeds are used as an effective vermifuge or worm destroyer. Furthermore, the tree has a delicious fruit. It is large, pulpy, oblong in shape, and has a heavy rind.

Growing Beautiful Flowers

Amateur Gardener Should Get Full Information On The Subject

This is the time of the year when the interest of the amateur gardener turns to the seed catalogue with its attractive and amazing variety of colour-plate displays of beautiful flowers in all the glorious beauty of full bloom, but there is a world of difference between the attractive display of the coloured plate and the result one gets in the garden. That is why anyone contemplating investment in a flower garden this year should take the trouble to get the report of the Dominion Experimental Farm or Station serving his district. Horticulture in all its varying phases is a specialty with this branch of the Department of Agriculture. Valuable information as to the adaptability of varieties, their ability to thrive under local conditions and the best methods of cultivation, are points dealt with in these reports. It would also be well to have the report of the Dominion Horticulturist. These are available without charge on application to the Publication Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Winnipeg Building Permits

According to H. P. Crabb, president of the Winnipeg Real Estate Association, building permits, although lower in 1930 than in 1929, maintained the average for the last five years.

Would Boost Wheat Sales

Mayor Webb, Of Winnipeg, Finds New Method Of Exporting Of Surplus Wheat

New fields of consumption for Canadian wheat are being probed by Mayor Ralph Webb, of Winnipeg. In a recent statement, his worthily declared that he had taken steps to return to Canada the unleavened bread industry, now practically controlled by United States.

"From 500,000 to 550,000 bushels of wheat are used in United States every year for the manufacture of unleavened bread," Mayor Webb stated. "Canada's wheat is very big as good and the opening of this new field would be a great benefit in relieving the present wheat congestion in the Dominion."

Mayor Webb stated that he had informed Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, of the great possibilities in the manufacture of unleavened bread. The mayor told Mr. Weir that United States at present was manufacturing this bread from their own wheat and then shipping it into Canada for consumption.

"It would aid the farmer," Mayor Webb stated, "if the manufacture of unleavened bread from Canadian wheat could be instituted in the Dominion." He added that Mr. Weir had promised investigation of this new industry with the view of commencing operations in the Dominion.

The Winnipeg mayor added that he had stumbled upon this subject quite unexpectedly. In the city of Winnipeg, he continued, a plant for the manufacture of this bread was under construction and it was his aim to obtain all the production possible from the plant. The Canadian industry. Years ago a factory was built in Toronto, he said, but a Cincinnati, Ohio, concern had purchased the Toronto plant, which was now closed, while the Cincinnati firm was operating in the American city, manufacturing on a large scale.

Manufacture of unleavened bread within the Dominion from Canadian wheat would mean a new channel for consumption for more than 550,000 bushels yearly, Mayor Webb concluded.

Transfer Of Live Salmon

Adult Salmon Have Been Successfully Removed From One Stream To Another

The problem of stocking spawning areas in British Columbia which have become depleted through the construction of dams and other works connected with hydro-electric development in the American city, manufacturing on a large scale. The Fish Culture Division of the Dominion Department of Fisheries. One thousand six hundred and ninety-one adult sockeye salmon were taken at the mouth of Adams River, placed in tanks and pontoons, and transferred to Scotch Creek. Not a single fish died during the transfer, and all on entering Scotch Creek straightway headed for the upper reaches to complete process of reproduction. It is expected that the successive runs of adult fish will build up a stock in those waters.

States Government Policy

The provincial government accepts responsibility of formulating a policy regarding registration at the University of British Columbia and requests that no more students be enrolled than the buildings can accommodate with efficiency. Hon. Joshua Hinchcliffe, Minister of Education, stated before the university senate at a conference.

Dull Paint Lasts Longer

Dull paints last longer than glossy ones, the Toronto Paint and Varnish Club was told recently by Clem H. Pickard, of Chicago, consulting chemist and paint expert. Pickard explained that higher concentration of pigment volume in paint decreases its oil content, which determines its life.



"Only let out three days ago and I find you back for six weeks!" "Yes, just for a little convalescence,"—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.

"Only let out three days ago and I find you back for six weeks!" "Yes, just for a little convalescence,"—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.

Use Of Fertilizers Throughout Western Canada Would Greatly Increase Production

That the use of phosphatic fertilizers throughout Western Canada would increase the acreage yield and would lower the cost of production sufficiently to enable Canadian farmers to better compete with low grain prices on the world market, was the statement made at Moose Jaw by Dr. Ray Neidig, of the Consolidated Mining Conference of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society, held in the Grand Hotel Hotel.

Dr. Neidig was explaining the results of experiments made throughout the prairie provinces during the past four years, to establish the feasibility of using phosphatic fertilizers in increasing the grain yield and promoting early maturity and to illustrate his points, showed actual pictures of fields in the three provinces where the new fertilizer had been used successfully.

Thomas Teare, president of the local agricultural society, presided over the dinner meeting, which was largely attended, while a short address was also given by J. C. Mitchell, Dahinda, former world's "wheat king," who told briefly of personal experiences with the new phosphatic fertilizer, and his belief that it would be a practical boon to Western farmers.

In his opening remarks, Dr. Neidig stated that concentrated experimentation over a period of four years had proved conclusively that when the new fertilizer was drilled with the grain at the time of seeding, it resulted in earlier maturity and more rapid growth of the plant, while the yield was increased appreciably. Over 400 Saskatchewan farmers had co-operated with the provincial department of agriculture in making trials with the new fertilizer, he stated further, and it was proved that to be effective with grain crops, must be drilled in with the seed.

Showing slides, the speaker pointed out that not only would the loss of crops be avoided but the quality of the grain would be retained. The fertilizer had been used with effect on hay lands and various grass crops, while in Southern Alberta it had been used to advantage on sugar beet crops where it had increased the yield from two to seven tons per acre, and had slightly raised the sugar content, besides maturing the crop from five to seven days earlier than normally.

"So when we realize the interdependence of plant nutritious soils and climatic relationships," he concluded, "We can better understand why the drilling in of small quantities of phosphate with our seed will bring about such remarkable increases in the yield of our crops and their earlier maturity."

Demand For Mutton

Domestic Market Is Increasing
According To Latest Figures
In 1927, Canada's consumption of sheep and lambs stood at 6.00 pounds per capita per annum, and by 1930, this had increased to 7.10 pounds. This increase of one per cent, roughly, is seemingly small, but as pointed out in a circular letter of the Canadian Co-Operative Wool Growers, Limited, it is really impressive. "With our present population of about ten million people the one pound increase represents 10,000,000 pounds or about 300,000 animals or eight per cent of our total sheep population."

Canadian Potatoes

The total potato production for Canada in 1929 amounted to 39,930,000 cwt., and the onion crop for the same year 590,000 cwt.



"You had leave yesterday afternoon to go to see your doctor, and as hour afterwards I saw you in a cafe with a man, playing cards."

"That was my doctor," Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1879

A New Food Product

Experiments Now Under Way To Manufacture Honey-Butter

One of the most interesting announcements in the field of agricultural research and endeavor comes in a recent account of experimental work now under way with the object of combining honey and butter into a food product called honey-butter. This work is now engaging several workers in dairy and honey research and definite results have already been obtained in the direction of producing such a commodity. The idea, which is the way is Canadian in its origin, is to bring to the market, as a product which will be used for sandwich and picnic purposes with very definite possibilities of becoming a standard household article. The term honey-butter certainly has a tasty sound about it if this is to be any criterion.

An interesting speculation in connection with this piece of work is in connection with the age old combination of milk and honey as a description of lands of unusual fertility and verdure. Milk and honey have become symbols of much that is good and their value as nutrients has never been questioned. The combining of honey with the most famous product of milk shows certainly give rise to a product of unusual food qualities.

From the standpoint of the beekeeper as well as the dairyman, the establishment of such a commodity should also lead to an increased consumption and wider markets. Honey-producers have been endeavoring for many years to get a wider recognition and use of honey as a food and turning of a considerable portion of the surplus into the manufacture of honey-butter would probably mean more to this industry than many years of publicity.

We shall be watching with interest for the appearance of this food on the market, and let us hope that it proves as palatable as the ingredients would indicate.

Story Of Last Mine

Reported Discovery Of Gold and Platinum In Alberta Footfalls
Has the last "Lemman mine" been rediscovered?

The reported discovery of gold and platinum in the Livingston range in the Alberta foothills country just south of Turner Valley oil field, has revived the saga of the legendary "lost mine."

Told by old-timers of the district, the story is that a man by the name of Lemman discovered a rich white gold mine somewhere west of Nanaimo in 1870. He was aided, it was said, by friendly Indians.

Following the discovery Lemman returned to Idaho to bring his wife and family to Alberta, but on the return journey all met death, either by an Indian attack or drowning. Whichever could never locate the mine, and the Indians alone knew its secret.

Today with the report of a rich and the pioneers of the district recalled the early day legend.

More than 100 claims have been staked in the area, which is 100 miles northwest of Lethbridge. After 15 years' search, two prospectors of Staveland, Alberta, made the discovery of the gold and platinum bearing veins, and scores have gone into the Livingston region.

A Worth-While Invention

Written words may be sent over a telephone line by use of an attachment devised by German telephone engineers, who now are testing it. Should the listener have difficulty in understanding a spoken word he asks the speaker to spell it, and it appears before the listener in writing. German long distance lines are expected to first use the attachment.

Goat Raising In B.C.

Interest in goat raising continues at a high point in British Columbia. During last year five herds were entered in the record of performance test for goats, ten head having qualified. The highest test was made by a Nubian doe, "Shirley Roma"—296—owned by Harold G. Morson, of West Westminster, whose milk yield was 2,995 pounds and butter fat 132.4.

Insurance statistics show that the life expectancy of a boy who lives in the country is seven years greater than that of the city boy.

DANCES WITH PRINCE OF WALES



Miss Betty Gardner, of Brockville, Ont., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Gill Gardner, who was the Prince of Wales' partner for four dances during his recent visit to Kingston, Jamaica, on his trip south to the Argentine. Miss Gardner's father is a director of the hotel at Kingston.

Where Four States Meet

Only One Spot Where Four Boundaries Touch Same Point

At one place in the United States it is possible to stand with the heel of the right foot in one state, with the toe of the right foot in another, with the left heel in a third and the toe of the same shoe in a fourth state. This unique spot is where the boundaries of Colorado, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico meet. It is the only place in the country where four states meet at the same point.

The Soy Bean

Will Sow 20 Acres Of Land In Manitoba With Soy Bean As An Experiment

A special sub-committee of the agricultural committee of the Winnipeg Board of Trade is arranging for the sowing of 20 acres of land with the soy bean, as an experiment. The oils and fats derived from the soy bean are used extensively in industry, while the residue makes a valuable feed for cattle. Hence the effort to produce the bean locally.

FASHION



No. 964—Practical Model. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years. Size 36 requires 1 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 3/4 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 490—For Playtime. This style is designed in sizes 1, 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 1 1/2 yards of 39-inch material. Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

No. 155—Decidedly Chic. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 622—Youthful Jumper Frock. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 8 requires 1 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 3/4 yard of 35-inch contrasting and 1/2 yard of 35-inch lining.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

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Address _____

City _____

State _____

Send _____

to _____

Revolving Loan Plan To Aid Western Canada Farmers Is Outlined By C.P.R. President

A Contribution From Bees

Manitoba Gives Indications Of Becoming the Leading Producer in Canada

The busy little bee in his humble and humming way is contributing his bit to the productive wealth of Canada.

Beekeeping has been advancing with great rapidity in the Dominion, and honey production has become an industry of no mean importance. It is only within recent years, however, that it has developed from being more or less of a hobby into a profitable adjunct to other lines of agricultural endeavour and in many cases is the chief source of revenue.

Prior to 1921, Ontario and Quebec were the only provinces producing a surplus of honey. This surplus found a ready market in the other parts of the Dominion, especially in Western Canada. At that time honey was produced on a comparatively small scale in the Maritime Provinces, in Manitoba, and in British Columbia, while in Saskatchewan and Alberta apiculture was few and far between. Today the situation has greatly changed. Not only has production increased in the other provinces, but it has also made phenomenal gain in the Prairie Provinces, so much so that Manitoba now gives indications of becoming the leading producer of honey, for the Manitoba crop during the 1930 season was estimated to be 10,110,128 pounds.

An indication of the growth of beekeeping in Canada is convincingly given by the following figures of honey production in 1926, compared with those for 1930:—In 1926 the total production was 13,769,649 pounds; in 1930 it had increased to 31,169,635 pounds. The most remarkable growth was in Manitoba, where the production rose from 3,523,512 pounds in 1926, to 10,110,128 in 1930. In Alberta the production jumped from 215,000 pounds to 1,578,900 pounds; in Saskatchewan from 170,287 to 682,551, and in Ontario from 5,000,000 to 12,000,000 pounds. Each of the other provinces scored an advance, but not so marked as that for the provinces mentioned.

The total value of the 1930 Canadian honey crop is placed at nearly \$4,000,000.

New Egg Storage

Air Is Replaced By Carbon Dioxide Gas In New System

Gas storage, a new development in keeping eggs fresh until the market is ready to absorb them, is interestingly described in the current issue of the News Letter of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch at Ottawa. Briefly described, the eggs are packed in 15-dozen packages and placed in a metal container known as an Autoclave. When these are placed in the storage compartment the air within the Autoclave is pumped off and replaced by carbon dioxide gas. As a further precaution against the presence of oxygen in or near the eggs the air outside the container is also drawn off and replaced by CO₂. Theoretically, and it is proving true in practice, an egg stays fresh directly in proportion to the extent to which it contains CO₂, and the two bug-bears of cold storage, mould growth and fungi, can develop only in the presence of oxygen with a humidity of 85 degrees at temperatures of 33 degrees Fahrenheit or over. Owing to the absence of oxygen no mould growth takes place and the egg comes out of storage in a most attractive condition.

Thrifty For Music

"There may be many opinions as to Johannes's taste in music," writes a correspondent of The Cape Argus, of Cape Town, "but there can be no doubt of its thirst for it. One can walk from end to end of the shopping centre of the city without ever being out of earshot of one in-practice or another. As often as not you will hear these struggling one against the other in a duel of sound."

Double Stars

A considerable proportion of the stars which appear as single to the unaided eye are in reality double, that is, two stars revolving around each other from a common centre of gravity. The secrets of these stars are gradually but surely being unfolded by the Dominion Observatory at Ottawa, and the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria.

Czecho-Slovakia now has 350 football fields, and 1,345 tennis courts.

Proposals in connection with the organization and operation of the Dominion government's \$5,000,000 revolving loan fund to aid Western Canada farmers were outlined by E. W. Beatty, K.C., president of the Canadian Pacific Railways. Mr. Beatty was first proponent of the idea, definitely announced by Premier R. B. Bennett at Regina, December 30.

The railway head offered two major suggestions for officials named to handle the fund, which would be placed in the hands of the newly-chartered Dominion Agricultural Credit Corporation. No burden of handling charges should be imposed on the farmer, he thought, and the safety of the investment must be assured.

"The policy must be operated in such a way," he said, "so as not to impose a burden on the farmer in the matter of handling charges, interest, etc., but rather to provide him with a greater stability in earning power at the very minimum of cost. It must also insure the safety of the investment so that the capital of the loan corporation is not impaired."

He reiterated his better first declared at London, Ont., last December, that the plan would "improve conditions under which farm operations are carried on in those districts where its credits can be properly used."

In some particulars, Mr. Beatty thought, the credit body should function similarly to administrators of the "Minnesota plan." He thought it "might be advisable" to adopt the United States minimum and maximum loan clause. This would set loans at \$200 to \$1,000. "However," he added, "I would not favor the granting of the maximum amount except under special circumstances."

Length of time for which the loans are made also might be adopted from the "Minnesota plan," the C.P.R. president said. Under this three-year plan, the farmer would pay back 30 per cent of his loan after the first year, 30 per cent after the second and the balance after the third year.

Mr. Beatty asserted the loan plan here would be operated under vastly different conditions than when it met with "amazing success" in Minnesota. "It will be well to remember," he said, "that their record in the matter of repayment of loans has been achieved in the period when prices and other conditions were comparatively good, that they have a great advantage over this country in the matter of population and, therefore, of consumers, and that greater difficulty may be experienced under more adverse conditions."

"This," he added, "suggests the advisability of some conservation in the extension of credit at the outset at least." Greater safety in the operation of the loan scheme would be achieved through numerous relatively small loans and, though he said it was not yet possible to estimate cost of managing the credit corporation, "it should be urged that all possible avenues be explored with a view to establishing credit facilities at a rate of interest not to exceed six per cent," said the C.P.R. president. He stressed that the plan is not expected to "work miracles" for the farmers.

"The central idea of the plan should be to seek to develop favorable communities on the basis of some diversity in livestock, which under different conditions might include two to five cows; one or two sows, 25 to 100 hens, and, wherever possible, 20 to 50 ewes per individual farm."

Because most of the people of China cannot afford to buy milk regularly it often is consumed as a medicine or tonic.

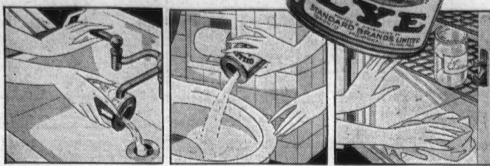


"Now you are rich, doctor you do not bother about your patients!"

"You see, I have adopted the system of live and let live."—Gutter, Madrid.

GILLETT'S Flake Lye

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Once each week, pour full strength Gillett's Lye down the closet bowl and it will always be clean and free-running.

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THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER

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CHAPTER XII.

I'll tell you about it now, Gay, if you'll listen."

It was three weeks later. Nick, dressed for the first time, lay in a lounging chair on the porch, while Gay sat beside him, her usually busy hands idle in her lap—her eyes on the babies at play in the sand pile beneath the trees.

"Sure you feel like talking?" she questioned.

"I'll explode if I don't talk! The way you've bullied me into keeping my mouth shut when there's so much to say, and you must have been thinking such abominable things of me . . ."

Gay laughed.

"I never thought anything abominable at all—that is," she added honestly, "after the first minute when Julie told me that you and Mrs. Halliday had gone alone."

"What did you think then, Gay?" she reached for his hand, as if in atonement for her diabolicality.

"For just a second, Nick, I wondered if you'd deceived me. And then I was ashamed, horribly ashamed to have had such a thought. I knew almost at once that there was some mistake—something you'd explain when you got home. Even when the whole night passed without you, I didn't distrust you again. I told Mrs. Halliday that no harm would come to his wife through you."

Nick kissed her hand. His voice was husky when he said: "I wonder how many wives would give a man the benefit of the doubt at such a time."

"But there was no doubt, Nick, at—"



Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every day, I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jenkinson, Box 14, Thornhill, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

W. N. O. 1929

ter that first moment. Would you have doubted me?"

"My dear, I wouldn't doubt you if you were gone a week! But that's different. Look here! I want to tell you everything. Of course I didn't misrepresent things, Gay. It was just as I said over the phone. Halliday went to Boston Friday morning, and that afternoon his wife called me up at the bank and asked if I'd dine there. She didn't say he was dead, but I supposed I'd have gone in any case. The idea of needing a chaperone didn't strike me. I don't yet. If Halliday were alone and you asked him to dine some night when I was out, do you suppose I'd mind? Her asking me was just a neighborly thing to do."

"After dinner she sang, and I told you, Gay, it was some treat! She sang a lot of the old songs my mother used to sing—Schubert, and Mendelssohn, and some Irish ballads; and ended with that Gypsy thing she sang the night you cried. Do you remember?"

Gay nodded. Would she ever forget? And Nick went on: "We talked a while after that, and she asked about the road to Mason's Falls. I said she expected friends for the weekend, and wanted to take them on a good trip. I wondered a little that she should have company at such a time. For all my Gypsy instincts, dear, I'm a Puritan in certain ways. I think she felt my disapproval, for she made a sort of explanation."

Nick paused a moment, then went on quietly: "Gay, I'm sorry for that little woman. Evidently her husband's people don't like her. I gathered that the more-in-law, especially her, well, made her uncomfortable. She said she couldn't bring herself to go to the funeral, and that Halliday understood, and would prefer that she shouldn't mope round all day and be unhappy. I thought it was rather plucky of her to try and forget things. I could see she was all right up."

Gay drew a sudden breath.

"Nick, I don't wish to seem uncharitable, but Julie told me that she heard Mr. Halliday beg his wife to go with him."

"Well, she must have heard wrong then. Mrs. Halliday said distinctly that he didn't want her to. That's not our affair anyway; but—Did you speak, Gay?"

"No," said Gay quietly. "Go on."

"She got out a road map and I showed her the route, and warned her about those hills above Anton Bay. She said that she was a bit nervous about driving, and wished she could find someone for a chauffeur. I suggested Sam Hilton, but she thought they'd have a better time without a stranger along; and then the idea popped into her head to ask me. She said she didn't see why it hadn't occurred to her in the first place."

Gay said, as he paused again: "Aren't you talking too long, dear?"

"No, Madam, I'm not," he smiled. "I want to get it off my chest. I hesitated about accepting, of course, because my plans were all made to go to you; but as I looked at those maps, Gay, I—well, I was crazy to go! I don't mean that I didn't want you and the boys, too, but—"

"But you wanted the broad highway more?" Gay questioned as he hesitated.

"I'll admit, Nick, that the broad highway, with a woman as pretty as Mrs. Halliday thrown in, would weigh rather heavily in the balance against a tired-out wife and—"

"Gay!"

His voice was reproachful, and she laughed, though the laugh was tremulous.

"It was only teasing you, Nick."

"The pretty woman had nothing

whatever to do with it," he affirmed sternly. "I'm not adamant before those eyes, no fellow with any red blood in his veins would be; but I knew another pair of eyes—well—I told you all about those hundreds of times. They're the most beautiful eyes in the world. Now are you satisfied? It was the road that called me, Gay. I suppose it always will, and I remembered your making me promise to tell you if ever I wanted more freedom. It didn't seem a lot to ask when you were coming Wednesday afternoon. I don't believe, honestly, dear, I don't believe if I hadn't known you were coming so soon, that the road would have called at all, compared with the call of my precious family. But you were coming, and it seemed a chance to satisfy my craving for a change, and to do a kindness to a neighbor at the same time. So—I telephoned."

"I was terribly disappointed," Gay admitted.

"I knew you were. It made me feel like a slacker—while you were talking; and yet, I didn't think I was unreasonable."

"You weren't, of course. I'm just too silly about you, Nick."

He smiled and said: "Keep on that way, my dear."

"Have you forgotten your story?" she reminded him after a minute.

"I had, for the time being. When, after putting up with his shortcomings for four long years, a man's wife confesses that she's silly about him, it goes to his head. And I suppose all this time you're wondering about those guests of Mrs. Halliday's. The truth is, they disappointed her. I didn't see her again till Sunday. I was at the Maxwell's Saturday. Jasny called up at noon—said she heard I wasn't going to State Line, and asked if I'd like with her up Ragged Mountain, and go back to supper there. She was just home and wanted news of you and the kiddies. I had a bully time, and stayed till nearly eleven."

"But—how did you happen to go to Mason's Falls if Mrs. Halliday's friends didn't come? I thought she was taking the trip on her account."

"She was, but she had everything ready, lunch and all, when the message came. I could see she was disappointed, and so was I. When she asked if it would bore me to go with her alone—and if you'd disapprove, well, I suppose I jumped at the chance. I thought we'd be back by five at the very latest, and I knew that you'd be the last one to object. It never occurred to me that Halliday would mind—I mean, mind her going alone with me; and it did seem foolish to give up the trip at that hour; so we went." His face sobered suddenly. "I wish to God we hadn't."

Gay sat still for a moment; then said: "Nick do you remember stopping at a railroad crossing while a freight went by?"

His eyes widened with surprise.

"Why—how did you know? I remember because it was there we ran into a funeral, a rather lonely affair with only one shabby hack. For a moment I feared it would bring things back to Mrs. Halliday and make her sad; but it didn't. She thought it rather a joke on us to run into a hearse when we were off a pleasure trip."

(To Be Continued.)

Corns Quick Relief!
POTNAM'S Corn Extractor

Little Helps For This Week

"He that hath no rule over his own spirit is like a city that is broken down and without walls."—Proverbs xxv. 28.

Real glory Springs from the quiet conquest of ourselves; And without that the conqueror is naught.

But the first slave.—Thomson.

Rest not in an ovation, but in a triumph over thy passions. Let anger hang down the head; let malice go manacled and envy fettered after thee. Behold within thee the whole train of thy trophies, not without thee. Chain up the unruly legion of thy breast, lead thine own captivity captive, and be Caesar within thyself."—Sir Thomas Browne.

Wagner Festival

Toscanini Will Conduct Performances Of Tannhauser At Bayreuth

Toscanini, Furtenwangler and Elmendorff will be conductors at this year's Wagner Festival to be held at Bayreuth. This will be the second year in succession that this honour has gone to Toscanini.

Born in Parma, Italy, in 1867, Arturo Toscanini has had a brilliant musical career. He received his early training at Milan Conservatory and in the year 1908 was appointed to the conductorship of the Metropolitan Opera House in New York, which position he retained until 1931.

To the thousands who attended the festival last year his conducting was a revelation and completely vindicated the faith of those responsible for the breaking of the tradition that only a German was capable of interpreting Wagner.

Both Hamburg, of that famous Canadian quartette known as the Hart House Quartette, all of whom attended the festival, described the conducting of Toscanini as being nothing short of marvellous. In all the interviews on his arrival at Montreal on the Cunard liner "Ascania," after the festival, Hamburg had nothing but the highest praise for the Italian conductor.

Arturo Toscanini will, this year, conduct all performances of Tannhauser on July 21st and August 1st, 5th, 8th and 17th. He will also conduct "Parsifal" on July 22nd and August 6th, 9th and 19th. It was originally intended that Dr. Muck would conduct "Parsifal," but owing to a very serious illness has been compelled to withdraw. Dr. Muck is a musician who has been brought up in an atmosphere literally steeped in the Wagner tradition, and it was with great regret that he has had to discontinue his Bayreuth activities.

This year Herr Furtenwangler will be musical director-general of the Bayreuth Festival Plays, and will conduct "Tristan" himself. Carl Elmendorff will again be the conductor of the "Ring of the Nibelung." Convenient sailings can be arranged via the Cunard Line for those wishing to attend the festival and each Friday during July and August there will be two Cunard-Lincoln-Donaldson liners sailing from Montreal for Great Britain and the Continent.

Strange Himalayan Race

High in the Himalayan Mountains there is a mysterious tribe of people living in caves and having no contact with civilization. Little is known about them except that they are, according to the inscriptions on their caves, of Chaldean origin. Their years are nine months long, and many of the members of the tribe are 150 "years" old.

The ADVENTURES of CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTIE

Well, boys and girls, so many queer things have happened to us while flying that the boys and girls you know all about it. Some day, perhaps you'll fly over strange countries, too, countries filled with strange tribes and wild animals, and a thousand interesting things one never dreams of while sitting at home.

Perhaps you'll fly above the clouds at times and look down on them following and rolling beneath the wings of your plane, just like a big sea of gold and silver in the sun; and away down below you'll see great fields of wheat in their harvest, and far away down below the little toy boats floating on the rim of a bathtub.

At other times you'll fly over black tropical forests and follow the white track of unknown rivers under the light of a huge bright moon—wonderful larks in the swamps and tigers and bears through the living night, while blue faced monkeys swing and chatter in the trees.

You'll see these things, and a thousand more, and of course you'll want to tell the boys and girls you know all about your adventures, just like I am going to tell you mine.

Most of the boys and girls I know call me Captain Jimmy. While my real name is Captain James Harworth Scottie, I found the name Jimmy so much easier to say. You know how it is. Sometimes a dog just adopts a name for himself. You know how it is. Sometimes a dog just adopts a name for himself. You know how it is. Sometimes a dog just adopts a name for himself.

It was a fine bright morning when we left the Victoria Hotel at our home in the Calgary flying field, and headed west out into the wild. Perhaps if we had known all the adventures we were about to meet we would never have made the trip at all. For you know, while it's lots of fun to read of adventures, actually having them sometimes isn't all it's cracked up to be—and you

often—yes, very often—wish that you were in some nice safe place instead. We, too, the regular human beings, like a giant bee—the even-tempered hum that is music to our ears when the wind blows away from under us and going to or from an hour, but it didn't feel so fast as we got further away from the field.

Once in the air, a plane is not hard to drive. In front of the pilot's seat is the chief control lever known as the "stick." It is not a very hard name to remember, but it is a sure enough important piece of the plane. When I pull the stick toward me, it lifts the horizontal line on the tail of the plane, and causes the nose to push up into the air. When I push the stick from me, it pulls the nose down, and of course pulls the plane down. The foot levers work the rudders at the extreme tail of the plane. When I push the one to the right, the plane turns to the right—when I push to the left, the plane goes to the left. It's exactly like steering a car, only you do it with your feet instead. A round clock on the instrument board tells me how high I am going—another tells me how high up I am in the air. So you see it's all easy enough when you get used to it—like lots of things that look hard at first.

Calgary soon looked like a model city as it lay behind us, and the wind whistled over the tops of the hills and the Eagle climbing high in the air. We had a good climb, and by clouds in the sky. We could see the horizon on every side, like the rim of a giant saucer. What a country! As we flew over the foothills, the scenery became more beautiful. Wooded slopes, cool ravines, and here and there an open valley where the lonely cabin of some homesteader or prospector showed half in the cover of the woods. Sometimes the ground was so high that the sunlit country below—like a giant's foot—looked like a giant's foot. Scottie seemed to sense something wrong and he flew over the hills, and he was trying to draw your attention. Then suddenly, "puff," a gust of wind struck us—then another and another. Then all at once we were in a moment we were in the air, and the old ship rocking and tossing like a boat in an angry sea—the sky growing darker every minute—and the clouds coming down in sheets and the blinding stain of blue lightning. Then the right wing dipped crazily and the plane began to slip sideways. . . . To be continued next week.

Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk

The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups. . . . Pound and half pound tins at your grocers

Canada's Leather Industry

The capital investment of the leather industry in Canada in 1929 had a total value of \$27,059,201.

Wretched From Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dispels the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

"In time of trial," inquired the speaker, "what brings us the greatest comfort?"

"An acquittal," interrupted a man at the back of the hall.

Says Depression On Wane

Hon. Gleason Robertson, Minister of Labor, told an audience of women at Montreal, that depression was on the wane and that by May or June this fact would be more generally evident. The minister was addressing the Montreal Women's club and reviewed in detail the working out of the Federal Government's grant to provinces and municipalities to facilitate public works in the interest of the unemployed.

Distemper responds quickly to Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Keep a bottle handy in the stable.

Twenty-five ships were launched from Belfast, Ireland, shipyards in 1929 as compared with 15 in 1928.

"An acquittal," interrupted a man at the back of the hall.

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Board of Trade Notes

The Board of Trade is to be congratulated on the big turnout to visit the Calgary Board of Trade on Friday last and it was a pleasant surprise to Calgary citizens.

The farmers of the district were well represented.

The name of Crossfield was a big word in Calgary on that day, especially amongst the business men.

Every member of the party came home happy, feeling that he had helped to advertise Crossfield and district.

The Calgary Board of Trade gave the members from Crossfield and district a real welcome.

President Fitzpatrick in his address told of the good work accomplished by the Crossfield Board of Trade during the past year and he thanked the members of the Calgary Board of Trade for their co-operation. Harry showed no signs of stage fright and put his remarks over in a very witty and pleasing manner.

Secretary T. Tredaway in his congratulatory on his efforts in getting such a wonderful turnout, as it was through his untiring efforts that 33 members made the trip to Calgary.

It was unfortunate that so few of our business men were represented.

Baby Chicks

Our Hatchery is now in operation and we are in a position to supply you with the best in Baby Chicks.

You are welcome to come in and inspect our Modern Electric Hatchery at all times.

Come in and inspect our Electric Multi-unit Brooder, and see the sanitary, healthful way to care for Baby Chick.

PRICES

Grade A Chicks \$15.00 per 100
Grade A A Chicks 20.00 per 100

The eggs for hatching our Grade A A chicks are especially selected eggs, from Bred-to-Lay Stock.

W. E. SPIVEY

Box 16 CROSSFIELD
(Next to Service Garage)

See Tredaway for Insurance of all kinds. Take no chances.

If you are a booster for your district we know you are a member of the Board of Trade.

DON'T FORGET

Don't forget the meeting in the U. F. A. Hall on Saturday, March 7th, at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of discussing a uniform reduction of all teachers' salaries.

COMMUNICATION

Box 62, Crossfield
March 2nd., 1931

To the Editor of the Crossfield Chronicle
Sir:

Kindly allow me space in your valuable paper to reply to a communication by Mr. Ainscough in your issue of Feb. 26.

Every charge I made at the Annual Meeting referred to was fair and correct, and far from twisting the truth. Rather it was my desire to have the M. D. Act fairly and impartially administered. My protest was not against Mr. Ainscough but against Mr. Stewart as candidate for re-election as councillor in the division in which I reside. A written and signed statement of the charges is in the hands of the Returning Officer F. Purvis and the word discrimination is not used.

Now, if Mr. Ainscough would use his influence as councillor to have the minute book and other books necessary for supplying information to ratepayers produced at annual meetings it would be much appreciated. There were no books for reference at the last two annual meetings. I would have liked to have had particulars of the general remarks of the Auditor re what was the trouble with the day labor pay sheets? and what payments were made contrary to Sec. 425 of the M. D. Act, and who were these payments made to? Here is an excellent opportunity for Mr. Ainscough to give us an example of the unvarnished truth.

JAMES MILLAR
Ratepayer Div. 1.

MARCELLING

Finger Waving Shampooing
Facials Hair Cutting
Manicuring Massaging, etc.
MRS. MARGARET CLAY
First House West of Union Church

Local and General

Got a little scare Wednesday, when the fire bell rang out its warning during the high wind, the stove pipes in Johnson's Cash Store were burning out. Fortunately no damage was done.

Mr. and Mrs. Bills, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Miller and Miss Francis McFadyen attending the showing of that great picture "Climmaron" at Capitol Theatre on Monday afternoon.

No business man can afford to sit back and go to sleep in these times. The buying public are looking for bargains as never before. Good merchandise with fair prices, backed with good service and truthful advertising will keep you up in the race. The dead-head must and will pass out.

For a time after the suggestion was made that help in the collection of local news would be of great assistance in getting out an interesting paper, quite a number handed in items of news. A few still continue but more assistance in this direction would not only be appreciated in the newspaper office but would naturally benefit readers. When you have a news item in your possession get it to the newspaper somehow.

To Organize Branch of
British Service Legion

"The meeting of Ex-Service men was held at the Fire Hall on Wed. Capt. Hudson from Red Deer talked with the few that were there, which, considering the weather, was more than was expected.

The general feeling was that a branch of the Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League, which by the way includes, any person who has seen active service during any of the wars of the Empire in any of His Majesty's armed forces, or auxiliary service, including the Mercantile Marine and the Fishery Patrol Service, should be formed here, and Capt. Hudson has promised to call another meeting at the end of the month when it will be decided.

There are about 75 ex-service men in the district.

CHECK UP

Births One
Deaths None
Fires None
False Alarm
Fights None
Weather Promising
Board of Trade Members 120

"St Patrick's"

The Floral U.F.W.A. are holding a Shamrock Calico Ball in the East Community Hall on March 17th.

"Something cotton, something green
"Silken gowns must not be seen
"Something comic, something smart
"So every one will take a part."

Prizes will be given for best dresses and best comics—No prizes given to hired costumes.
Gent's 75c. Ladies please provide.
Good music.

Bert Blough a Winner

Mr. Griffiths writes,—In the map drawing contest in my Sunday School Class the following marks (out of 20) have been awarded:

Bert Blough 19; Laverne Johnson 15; Merle Heywood 14; Douglas Young 14. On the whole the maps were good and show promise. Bert's map of Palestine was easily first, and was much better finished than the others. A record of these marks will be kept, as there are further contests to follow.

The Bible Class will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Griffiths on Tuesday next, taking up the 5th chapter according to St. John. Come along if you can.

J. B. HAGSTROM

Boot and Shoe Repairer
Call and see a Real Shoe Shine
Scissors Ground and Saws
Sharpened.

A satisfied customer is my best advertisement.
Give me a Trial.

North of Service Garage.

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Points \$2.00
Local advertising

Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.
All advertisement changes of copy must be in hands of printers by noon on Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5th, 1931

Local and General

Geo. Leask attended the horse sale at High River on Tuesday.

Hitch your dollar to a real load at Lau's \$1 Sale.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Arnott were visitors in Calgary on Tuesday.

Mrs. Anon of Wayne is spending the week the guest of Mrs. A. Cruickshank.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Griffiths and children spent the week-end with friends in Calgary.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. C. (Shorty) Jones on Wednesday, March 4th, a son.

Geo. Huser, Jr. moved into the home buildings of the Geo. Huser Sr. farm, on Tuesday.

H. R. Fitzpatrick and W. Major were business visitors in Calgary on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Reeves and family motored to Carbon on Sunday last visiting with Mrs. Reeves' parents.

Two rinks of local curlers are going to Carstairs to-night (Thursday) to play a friendly game or two with the curlers of that town.

Now is a good time to start poisoning off the gophers. These pests consumed several carloads of grain in this district last year.

Jean Gilchrist returned home on Monday after spending the last two months at the home of Mrs. C. Whyte at Carstairs.

Harry Fitzpatrick, Manager of the Atlas has moved his office to the old U.F.A. lumber shed lately purchased by that Company.

H. McCaskill and his crew has been pouring concrete in the foundation of the Crossfield Garage the fore part of this week.

A St. Patrick's Tea and Sale of Home cooking will be held in the U. F. A. hall on Saturday, March 14th, from 3 to 6 p.m.

Mrs. Robert Whitfield who has been visiting friends in town during the past week left for her home in Alix on Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayes and son of Okotoks were visitors in town over the week-end the guests of Mrs. Hayes parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Mossop.

W. Spivey has shipped in a couple of ring necked pheasant hens from Sellkirk, Man., and along with a cock bird he raised last year, Walter is all set to start a pheasant ranch.

Friday the 13th, is usually considered unlucky, make Friday, March 13th your lucky day by attending the Ladies Aid play "The Fountain of Youth" at the U. F. A. Hall. Good program of music.

Joe paid us a visit since last issue and says that, we are wrong in his age, "he is not 64," he is only, oh well, we just got the six on the wrong side of the four.

The auction sale conducted by Les Farr on Wednesday last for Lloyd Havens was well attended and we understand Mr. Havens received \$200 more than he figured on.

The regular monthly meeting of the Floral U. F. W. A. will be held at the home of Mrs. Montgomery on Wed., March 11th, at 2:30. Visitors are always welcome.

The regular monthly luncheon of the Board of Trade will be held in the Oliver Cafe on Monday, March 9th at 6:30 p.m. The main speaker will be J. L. Jamieson, Superintendent of Western Divisions Canadian Pacific Railway.

For Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting see Mrs. M. Clay. Reduced Prices.

Don't Wait Until Spring

Get Your Repairs For Your Massey-Harris Machinery Now Also Your Castings Welded

A Few Good Buys in Second Hand Machinery and Tractors

J. M. WILLIAMS

General Blacksmithing
Acetylene Welding
Massey-Harris Farm Implements.

THE THREE ACT PLAY

"The Arrival of Kitty"

Will Be Presented By

The Dog Pound Entertainers

Masonic Hall, CARSTAIRS

Saturday, March 7th, at 8:30

A One Act Comedy Will Precede the above

A Guaranteed Attraction

The Hit of the Season

Don't Miss It

Admission 50c Children 25c

This play will be presented

at the Cremona Hall on

Friday, March 13th.

Unreserved

Auction Sale

Favored with instructions I will sell by public auction for

F. G. BROWN

at his farm 2 1-2 Miles East and 3 1-2 Miles North of Crossfield ON

Tuesday, March 10th.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock
The following Livestock, Machinery, Household Goods, Etc.

2 Good Milch Cows

4 and 6 years old, to be fresh in March

HORSES—1 Bay Mare 9 years old, weight 1550 lbs. 1 Grey Mare 9 years old, weight 1150 lbs. 1 Bay Mare 6 years old, weight 1400 lbs. 1 Brown Mare 6 years old, weight 1450 lbs. 1 Black Mare, 7 years old, weight 1400 lbs. 1 Grey Gelding 14 years old, weight 1300 lbs. 1 Grey Gelding 13 years old, weight 1300 lbs. 1 colt rising 2 years old. 1 Yearling Colt.

80 Rose Comb Rhode Island Pullets

Harness—1 set of breaching harness. 4 sets of Plow Harness. 15 Collars. 1 Stock Saddle.

IMPLEMENT—14 inch Cockshutt gang plow. 8 ft. Frost & Wood Binder. Kentucky Single Disc Press Drill. Deering 8 ft. Disc. 12 ft. rod weeder. 4 sec. lever harrow. John Deere harrow cart Section diamond harrow McCormick mower. McCormick rake. Wagon and box. Fairbanks-Morse 1 1-2 h. p. gas engine. Pump jack. Water tank. Grain Picker. Wheelbarrow Wagon and rack. Sleigh and box. Evers, singletrees, chains, forks, shovels, grindstone, tools and other articles too numerous to mention.

Household Goods—Home Comfort range. Quebec heater, coal oil heater, 2 burner coal oil stove, dining table, 5 chairs, rocking chair, kitchen cabinet, Singer Sewing machine, Renfrew cream separator, nearly new. 5 gal. cream can, churn; washing machine, wringer, tub, copper boiler. Linoleum rug 9x10 1-2 feet. Kitchen linoleum 12x14 feet. Dropside couch.

Terms Cash

Lunch Served

Everything Must Be Sold as Mr. Brown is leaving the farm.

LESLIE FARR Auctioneer

Church of The Ascension

March 8th.

11.00 a.m. Holy Communion
7.30 p.m. Evening song
Preacher. Rev. W. H. Morgan of St. Michael's Calgary.
Service every Wednesday evening during Lent at 8 p.m. Confirmation at 7.30 p.m.

COMING

"Mr. Geo. Hilton will speak at the Young People's Club next Thursday, Mar. 12. His subject will be "Ants" and he will use his own illustrations.

LEYDEN & BRUCE

Funeral Directors
Private Ambulances in Connection
Phone M 9101
1707 Second Street West Calgary
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN
of the firm of Milligan & Milligan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Tredaway & Springertons' office, Cromdell on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law,
MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,
W. McElroy, Sec.-Treas.

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty.
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of

TINSMITHING WORK

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.

Repair Work will receive immediate attention.

J. L. McRory Alberta

Crossfield

Classified Advertisements

For Sale

R. O. P. White Wyndolite Cockerels from Solly's X X strain. \$2.00 each or 2 for \$3.50.
GEORGE LEASK, Samsponion

For Rent

3-roomed cottage; good water; chicken house; good garden lots. Apply to
MRS. O. L. McCOOL

For Sale

10 teams of Clyde Horses, well broken, grain fed and ready for work. If you want good horses here's your chance. Terms to responsible parties
Mrs. J. Robertson & Son

For Sale

A Crossley DeForest Radio Set complete with batteries and phones in first-class order.
J. Belshaw, Phone 40

FOR SALE

h.p. tor sale or trade. Apply at the Chronicle.

I WILL BUY CATTLE

or ship them co-operatively.

T. FITZGERALD

Phone 315

Rosebud Pancake Flour

Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat. No indigestion when eaten. GET IT AT YOUR GROCERS
Rosebud Flour Mills Co. Ltd.
Didsbury

Sid Jones

HARNESS MAKER
Shoes and Harness Repaired
FOR CASH

Trea Building Crossfield

Marcelling Sewing

All kinds of Alterations and re-dyeing coats. Dry Cleaning

Mrs. G. Gazeley

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

(Licensed and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)

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375 Country Elevators
100 Flour Warehouses
275 Coal Sheds

Terminal Elevators at Vancouver Capacity 6,000,000 bushels

Bankers

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